ETARY QUESTION.

AND BENEFIT ONLY HOARDERS OF GOLD-

York on Friday night last for a flying visit, silver to the mint and cave it made into a The purpose of a brief stay in town is the dollar as good as gold, when it is only worth 50 the Senator starts for West Virginia, his own miner the same privilege; why not legislate to State, in order to prepare for the coming con- make 10 cents' worth of silver, lead, zinc or vention there. At this moment the views of copper a dollar; why not legislate to make a ton Senator Elkins, who was Secretary of War dur- of coal worth \$10 at the mine, or a bushel of THEY CARRY TWELVE TRUNKS FULL OF LITERATing the latter part of Harrison's Administration, wheat worth \$2? litical situation are of particular value.

feather. Senator Elkins remarked that, though he was anxious to have the Democratic Convention at Chicago nominate a sound-money man on a cold platform, he did not wish to hide the fact that such a result might tend to make the contest between the two parties more severe, especially in New-York and some of the Eastern States Asked if he thought it would be easier to elect Messrs. McKindey and Hobart against a silver man on a silver platform, the Senator replied: "Yes, I think so, I would report to see such a great party as the Democratic party committies the two did be bad, not only to this country, but for Europe as well. It would impair confidence in our credit, and the result to the country in the interim between now and the Presidential election in the uncertainty and displated that would prevail, would be serious. But if both parties declare for sound money confidence with the results of the vell that so the event of the sound of the country in the interim between now and the Presidential election in the uncertainty and displated that would prevail, would be serious. But if both parties declare for sound money confidence with the results of the vell thanks of the vell thanks of the vell that the would to some extent revive."

A SILVER PRODUCER HIMSELF.

Senator Elkins has for sixteen years been a producer of silver, and is so to-day. Consequently, he is peculiarly well adapted to distinguish between the merits of the various phases of the silver and gold controversy. In the ordinating hand singlated that would prevail, would be serious. But if both parties declare for sound money confidence with the results of the review the following state that the would impair confidence in our credit, and the result to that country in the interim between now and the Presidential election in the uncertainty and disquistude that would prevail, would be serious. But if both parties declare for sound money confidence with the results of the results of the same parties of the special parties of the special control of the par

the other and gell contravers, the control of the cells of the control of the con

twice its value. Once rid of this vast surplus of \$1,000,000,000, the silver question would not rid of it on good terms, and at the expense of the | markets is \$9.94. United States. I personally know miners of silver

THE POWER OF CONGRESS. to regulate the value thereof. "This means," he continued, 'that Congress has the right to the large production throughout the world, has been too plentiful to permit all of it to be colled that may be brought to our mints from Europe and from our own mines. There can be too much of anything to use it all profitsilver and paper money are not needed. We do need, however, more of the money the world uses and which is intrinsically valuable as property outside of the money function."

"The phrase cheap money is ofter used," was next suggested to Senator Elkins.

"Cheap money does not mean anything," he replied. "All money should be the best money, particularly for the wage-earners and people dependent upon labor for means of livelihood. The trouble is that silver is not worth in the markets of the world more than 51 or 52 cents on the dollar or per ounce. Ten years ago it was worth 100 cents, and about twenty-four years ago it sold at a premium. These changes have been brought about by the oversupply of silver, which has been enormous.

TRYING TO GET MONEY FOR DEBTS.

who are debtors, to try to get money to discharge their debts. They think that free silver would make money more abundant and more easily obtained. If we had twice as much silver, or ten times as much silver, and used it as money, it would be just as difficult to get as gold. It could not be had for nothing. In order to get silver then, a man would have to part with property, just the same as now, and he would require a great deal of silver before parting with his property. The question reduces itself to this-that no Government in the world has ever been able by legislation to create valves or sentiment. If the United States by an

FREE SILVER A FALLACY, act of Congress can make an ounce worth a dollar when the world will only take it SENATOR ELKINS'S VIEWS ON THE MONcould make the silver ounce or dollar worth 82 | Idl or 85. If the principle is admitted that by leg-IT WOULD MEAN A DEPRECIATION OF VALUES islation values can be created, then we have on of imperative business, and to-day sents, why not allow the from and copper

"The fact is that whenever there is more sliver en yesterday by a Tribune reporter than is needed for money, Congress should stop

even if it should not permit us to coin all the silver that might be brought to our mints. I don't know whether free coinage would be practicable or possible, even if all the nations agreed to have free coinage. The attempt on the part of the United States to adopt the free coinage of silver without the agreement of European States would be the surest way to prevent successful free coinage of silver in this country that could be adopted.

"Europe now has about \$1,000,000,000 not in use, and has been waiting for years to see whether we would not adopt free coinage, so that it could bring this silver to the United States and have it made into legal-tender dollars and give it twice the value it now has. You readily see that this would enable the owners of silver in Europe not only to get rid of the silver, but to do so at the coin all the silver that might be brought to our mints. I don't know and have it made into legal-tender dollars and give it twice the value it now has. You readily see that this would enable the owners of silver in Europe not only to get rid of the silver, but to do so at the coin all the silver had not be also to pay, but if a man should negotiate his notes for a greater at worth in the same practically volue-less than he is able to pay, or than he is able to pay or than he is able to pay or than he is amount than he is able to pay, or than he is able to pay or than he is able to

Sig. For instance, one ounce of gold with proper alloy, standard weight and fineness, will coin in gold dollars \$18.60. Sixteen ounces of silver will coin \$18.60 in silver dollars. Now, the value or price of sixteen ounces of silver to-day in the

coinage law, so that they can unload their silver coining this silver would be exactly \$8.66, leavon us at \$1 an ounce, which is costing them only ing a profit of \$7 per cent to the sliver mine owner. This is what would happen by the passage of a free-silver law, and it is difficult to discover the fairness that such a proposition is rantable discrimination in favor of miners of silmillions of silver dollars not in use. If we had free coinage of silver, the people owning this silver would bring it to the United States mints by the shipload and have it coined into American legal-tender silver dollars, and on every owne of silver the owner would make from 48 to 50 cents profit."

Butefly reviewing the purport of his conversa-

ownce of silver the owner would make from 45 to 50 cents profit."

Briefly reviewing the purport of his conversation, the Senator said: 'In 1892 the people of the country were deceived and persuaded to trying free trade, and we all know with he mest disastrous results. The Democratic party having failed in its free trade theories, now turns to free silver, hoping to win the favor of the people by it; but free silver is a worse delusion than free trade. One thing is true, and has remained true through all history—prices and values are made and generally regulated by supply and demand and the will of the buyer end seller, and never by law, it is simply impossible as long as human government is just, to declare by law what property is worth or its value in the markets."

## NEW-ENGLAND MILLS SHUT DOWN.

Providence, June 29.—The operatives in B. B. & R. Knight's mills were informed to-day that the factories would close down Thursday afternoon for the remainder of the week. What future arrangements will be made for the curtaliment of production now begun is not yet known.

The Ecipse Manufacturing Company, makers of women's underwear, has shut down, owing to dull trade. It is said that the suspension will last several weeks.

Fall River, Mass, June 29.—It is believed to

trade. It is said that the suspension will last several weeks.
Fall River, Mass., June 29—It is believed in manufacturing circles to-night that treasurers representing 1,700,000 spindles have agreed to curtail production during four weeks in the next two months. Nothing can be given out until the Arkwright Club meeting in Boston next Thursday. Several treasurers who are awaiting the action of their Boards of directors have not yet entered into the agreement, and a few others are still waiting till they are sure there will be no mills in the regular line of print cloth manufacturing left out.

Preparations are being made by several mills to shut down next Friday for a week or more, but manufacturers have not definitely decided whether they will shut down on alternate weeks or for the full period of four weeks at one time. The Roleson mills shut down Saturday night for an indefinite

### CHICAGO CONVENTION GOSSIP.

BLAND'S BOOMERS MEAN BUSINESS.

THE TO CHICAGO FOR CONSUMPTION BY THE DELEGATES.

the was seen yesterday by a Tribune reporter at his offices at No. I Broadway, and hastened at the outset, in reply to certain inquiries, to express his conviction that at St. Louis the best ticket and the best platform that could possibly have been resolved upon was put in the field. He said he felt not the slightest apprehension as to the result of the ticket, and although he admitted that the silver question might draw away some Republicans from the party, there would be found an easy equivalent of soundmost property.

SILVER CONSTANTLY DECLINED.

"Congress tried to legislate to uphold the value of sliver by buying first 2,000,000 cances. But in the face of the act of Congress to purchase 4,000,000 cances to purchase fectors.

Further, Senator Elkins remarked that, though he was anxlous to have the Democratic Convention at his office of the single state of the single state of the single state of the committee intrusted with the task of steering the Bland boom into the port of a Presidential nomination left to the mints affect to the intrusted with the task of steering the Bland boom into the port of a Presidential nomination left to the mints affect to the intrusted with the task of steering the Bland boom into the port of a Presidential nomination left to the mints affect to the total to the best to take the best place of all of it as fast us it could be coined. Congress, in such a case, would not permit the parties owning it to take it to the mints the part of a Presidential nomination left to the finite intrusted with the task of steering the Bland boom into the port of a Presidential nomination left to the mints affect to the total to the finite intrusted with the task of steering the Bland boom into the port of a Presidential nomination left to the total not the committee intrusted with the task of steering the Bland boom into the parties of a presidential nomination left to the task of the state it to the mints affect to the task of the state it to the finite intrusted with the committee intrusted with St. Louis, June 29.- The advance guard of the com

WHARTON BARKER ISSUES A MANIFESTO

THE SILVER MEN FROM THEIR PURPOSE.

Philadelphia, June 22—Wharton Barker, who has announced himself a candidate for nomination for the Presidency, gives out the following statement:

If I read the signs of the times aright, Mr. Whitney's inteatened toft with not swerve the purpose of the true leaders of the Democratic parry, of those men who are patriots, not partisans, who have the wefare of the producing classes at heart, and who revoit at the prospect of continued subservicing to the money cliques. The fall in prices that is sapping the wealth of our producing classes, that is bankrupting our manufacturers, rulning our farmers and reciping our wage-carriing classes to poverty most be checked, and it can only be checked by removing the cause. That cause is the appreciation of gold onsequent on discarding silver and throwing on gold at his the burden of effecting the exchanges of the Western World, and to check this appreciation we must present silver to its place as money side by said with gold.

To paraphrase the words of Mr. Whitney, this is a time when all men who love their country must stand together to avert the impoversament of our producing classes, check the transfer of the wealth of the indirectial classes into the hands of the few, through the agency of an appreciating dollar that requires the repayment of two dollars worch of producing classes, check the transfer of the wealth. Mr. Whitney tells on to pay our debts in anything of our producing classes to an oligarchy of wealth. Mr. Whitney tells on to pay our debts in anything of our producing classes to an oligarchy of wealth. Mr. Whitney tells on to pay our debts in anything of our producing classes to an oligarchy of wealth. Mr. Whitney tells on to pay our debts in anything of our producing classes to an oligarchy of wealth. Mr. Whitney tells on to pay our debts in anything of our producing classes to an oligarchy of wealth. Mr. Whitney tells on to pay our debts in anything of our producing classes to an oligarchy of wealth. Mr. Whitney tells o

### Health Destroying Vapors.

Water impregnated with the seeds of malaria, produce incalculable misery throughout vast portions of the North and South American continents. The most effective medicinal defence against these producers of physical mischief is Hostetic's Stemach Biliters. Wherever the great endemos, chills and fever, bilious remittent, dumb ague and ague cake are prevalent, the Bitters is alike the chosen preventive and remedy. In Mexico, Guatemala, on the Isthmus of Panama and in South America, no less than in the United States, it has demonstrated its superlative efficacy, and has received the commendation of the medical profession. It remedies rheumatic, kidney and atomachic ailments, nervousness and debility, and counteracts a tendency to premature deep and the ability attendant upon advancing years. Appetite and the ability to sleep are noth aided by it. Use it with persistence, as it well deserves to be used, and the trial will avail you



### DESERTING THE GOLD RANKS. SEVERAL MARYLAND DELEGATES TO GO OVER TO THE SILVER SIDE GORMAN ABAN-

ing gold-standard Democrats in this State have given up all hope of preventing the sliver men from

THE VICE-PRESIDENT'S PLANS. ington at 10 o'clock this morning by way of Washin Bloomlington until the Convention has completed its labors. Whether he is nominated for President or not, he will return to Cape May and spend some time here. In case he should be named, his end of the campaign will be directed from Cape May. He would make few speeches.

MOODY CONFERENCE AT NORTHFIELD. Northfield, Mass., June 29.-At the Moody conference to-day the usual classes were held this ference to-day the usual classes were need this morning, beginning at 8 o'clock. There was a platform meeting at 11 o'clock, with an address by Mr. Speer on "The Prayer Life of Jesus Christ." Among the well-known Christian workers now present are Di. A. T. Pierson, of Philadelphia, who has just returned from Europe, the Rev. H. C. Mable, of the Baptist Foreign Missionary Board; W. C. Stevenson, of the American Sunday-school Union; David McConaughey of India; P. C. Morse, secretary of the New-York Young Men's Christian Association. Mrs. McAlpine, of Sing Sing, and Mrs. Tolman Pyle, of New-York, have arrived in town. Nearly six hundred delegates are present, Yale and Ins. Secretary men.

Butte, Mont. June 29.—Congressman Charles A. Hartman yesterday addressed a long public letter to Senator Lee Mantle, chairman of the Republican State Committee, outlining his plan of campaign in the interest of free collage, and giving notice that he will introduce his plan in the form of resolutions to the State Convention. After relating his position and the positions past and present of the Republican party on the silver question, he says he deeply regrets the necessity which impole him to decline to the him to decline to the had been still necessate the neces Itst and Democratic papers in the far West keep and wage-earners of this country.

The substance of his plan for Republican silver men is to "vote for the election at taket which will in my judgment be nominated to procure the election in my judgment be nominated to procure the election of Henry M. Teller. Mr. Peller is a platform in himof Henry M. Teller. Mr. Peller is a platform in himof Henry M. Teller of the bimetallic forces he is the natural and logical candidate for President. I shall present to the State Convention a resolution instructing the electors to be nominated by it to vote for Mr. Teller electors to be nominated by it to vote for Mr. Teller favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of i6 to 1 and also instructing the present the election should be threath in the Mr. Hartman's plan to keep silver Henry M. Teller at the ratio of i6 to 1."

Mr. Hartman's plan to keep silver Republicans within the party lines is vikorously opposed by the day that it would be the surest way to throw the election into the House of Representatives, where 25t, vores would be cast for a gold standard man and sixteen for a bimetallist, making positive the election of a gold man.

DESERTING THE GOLD RANKS

THE GRAND TRUNK IMPROVING IN CANADA. Montreal, June 29.—Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, president of the Grand Trunk Rallway, has reached here after his trip to the Pacific Coast. He says the receipts of the road have been on the increase since Mr. Hays has undertaken the management.

## Albany, June 29.-Warner Miller appeared before

the State Railroad Commission this afternoon in Hudson Railroad Company proposes to construct from Corinth, on the Adirondack division of the Delaware and Hudson Railroad Company, to Glens Falls Ex-Senator Miller was a witness sworn be-fore the Board, to show that the road was a necessity. Much of his pulp and paper mill interest lie in the region traversed. The Board granted the application for permission to build.

THE C., B. AND Q'S MAY STATEMENT. Boston, June 29.-Chleago, Burlington and Quincy May statement, including Chicago, Burlington and Northern, gross decrease, \$160,239; net, after ex-penses and charges, decrease, \$235,599. In 1895 the figures of Chicago, Burlington and Quincy alone



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The Prair by Medical institute has imitators, but equals.—Roston Herald.

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Jackson, Inez Rae and Lillian Maynard, Gerome Edwardy, Maggie Bennett, Saville and Stewart, the Nonparell trio, Dan Collyer and Mack, Balabreega and Emma Lynden, Emma Sarns, serio-comic; An-nette Reed, dancer; Prince Fung Lee, Chinese jurgler; Robert V. Ferguson and Weston and De Veaux.

proves its popularity by filling up on all really warm nights, in spite of its large size. The entertainers who will try to fill it this week are Press Eldridge, Caroline Hull, Alburtus and Bartram, Miss Ida Howell, soubrette; Miss Van Arold, Glimore and Leonard, the Misses Warren and Cragg, Crimmins and Gore, the Judge brothers, Cora Routt and Bry-

Olympia has the only roof garden that is as comfortable, or perhaps a little more so, in bad weather than it is in good. It has drawn great crowds so far. The diversions provided for this week include Fre-goli, Lottle Mortimer, the Mahr sisters, Constans and Ida, Herr Techow and his performing cats, Pablo Diaz, May Howard, Mazatta, Mazuz and Mazett, the sisters De Van, and the Grand Opera Quartet.

ALBEMARLE.

Mrs. R. Gambrill, Tuxedo.
S. B. Sexton & wife, Hyde

U. F. Rogers, Washington. S. B. Sexton & Wife, Hyde
Park
R. M. Dunn, Philadelphia.
Mra W. G. Mortimer, NewYork
E. L. Jones, Cinchinati,
J. H. Braiford, Beston,
Mrs. H. Blake, Boston,
Mrs. F. J. Jones, Cinchinati,
Miss De Sailleas, New-York,
BARTHOLDI.
F. C. Lewis & Wife, Milwaukee,

Maril, Borough,
Senator, J. H. Mitchell, Portland, Ore.
J. H. Fall, Nashville,
J.

METROPOLE.

Misw A. McCoy, San Antonio.

Texas.

Mr. McCoy, San Antonio.

Texas.

Mrs. Seymour, New-York
City,
W. W. Wesley & wife,
Gloverswille.
P. H. Heath, Louisville.
BROADWAY CENTRAL.
L S. Stott, Boston.

METROPOLE.

METROPOLE.

METROPOLE.

METROPOLE.

METROPOLE.

METROPOLE.

Smelzer, Albany.
Dr. R. Taylor, Stamford.
C. C. Kaufman, Margarete.

J. Thompson & wife,
Mount Vernon, & Wife,
Mou

BROADWAY CENTRAL.

J. S. Stott, Boston.
W. A. Wallace & wife, Chicago.
G. D. Brooke & family, St. Paul.
G. B. Jennings & wife, Cinc.
C. B. Jennings & wife, Cinc.
C. B. Reyal & family, Richmond.
M. A. Larrea & family, F. F. Arnold, West Point, Havana.

GRAND.

F. H. Sprague, Albany
B. Gilpfn, Jr. Colorndo.
E. Stevens, New-York,
C. J. Riches, Hornellsville,
E. Howe, Binghamton,
R. P. Tinsley & wife, NewYork.
W. A. Burnside, U. S.

GRAND.

ST. JAMES.

W. J. Kelly, Philadelphia,
W. J. K

GRAND UNION.
E. R. Andrews, Syracuse.
O. M. Meyers & wife, Rochester.
E. H. Moshler, Cold Spring,
H. W. Stglar, Newburg.
M. Griggs, New Haven.
O. J. Mann. Philadelphia.
F. H. Brewster, Derby,
Coon.
M. G. Shaw, Staten Island.
STURTEVANT.
E. B. Stanley, Clinton.
G. Wismer, Chicago.
Mrs. R. N. Gillman, San Francisco.
H. M. Devo, New-York City,
J. H. Williams, Philadelphia.
A. G. Wood. Philadelphia.
A. G. Wood. Philadelphia.
B. J. Donnelly, Oxford.
F. C. Ferguson, Scranton.
S. J. Nugent, Cincinnati,

DR. A. S. FREEMAN'S HALF CENTURY. with flags and bunting to-day in honor of Dr. A. S. Freeman's fiftieth anniversary. There were about fifty visiting clergymen, who paid their compliments to the aged Doctor. Services were held in the afteragon and evening, and addresses were made by J. D. Hopkins, Alorso Bodell, D. A. Melvin, Alonso Wheeler, and the Rev. Dr. C. L. Thompson, of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, New-Tork, Telegrams of congratulations have been received from all over the country by the aged minister.

TO DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION—CHICAGO.
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